FACULTY OF ARTS & SOCIAL SCIENCES

SYLLABUS

FOR

M.A. International Relations (South Asian Studies)(Semester System)
(Credit Based Evaluation and Grading System)
(SEMESTER: I - II)

Examinations: 2019-20



GURU NANAK DEV UNIVERSITY AMRITSAR

Note: (i) Copy rights are reserved.

Nobody is allowed to print it in any form.

Defaulters will be prosecuted.

(ii) Subject to change in the syllabi at any time. Please visit the University website time to time.

SCHEME OF COURSE

M.A.(South Asian Studies) Sem. I

Subject	Subject Name	Mid Term	Major	Total	Credits
Code		Marks	Marks	Marks	
SSL 521	International Relations: Theory and Approaches	20	80	100	4
SSL 522	Colonialism and Nationalism	20	80	100	4
SSL 523	Economic Development of South Asia	20	80	100	4
SSL 524	South Asian Society	20	80	100	4
SSL 525	Contemporary India (1947-2001)	20	80	100	4

M.A.(South Asian Studies) Sem. II

Subject	Subject Name	Mid Term	Major	Total	Credits
Code		Marks	Marks	Marks	
SSL 528	Foreign Policy of South Asian Countries	20	80	100	4
SSL 529	Government and Politics of South Asia	20	80	100	4
SSL 530	Regional Economic Cooperation	20	80	100	4
SSL 531	Contemporary Area Studies	20	80	100	4

SSL-521 International Relations: Theory and Approaches

4-0-0

Total Marks: 100

Time: 3hrs. Mid Semester Examination: 20% weightage (Marks:20)

End Semester Examination: 80 % weightage (Marks: 80)

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (Not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth questions may be attempted from any Section

Section-A

Introduction to International Relations

Nature, Scope and Importance
International Relations as a Social Science Discipline
International Relations and its Disciplines
Concept of National Power, Balance of Power, Collective Security, Universalism and
Globalization

Section-B

Methodology of the Study

Methodology of International Relations Levels of Analysis in International Relations

Section-C

State System in International Relations

Neo Paradigms in the Structure of International Relations Ideology and International Relations Unipolarity, Bipolarity and Multipolarity

Section-D

Theory & Approaches: Idealism, Realism, LIberalism, Neo Realism, Marxism and Neo Marxism, Behaviouralism and Theories: System Theory, Game Theory, Decision Making Theory, Communication Theory, Constructivist Theory, Critical Theory, Feminist and Post Modernism **Suggested Readings**:

- 1. Mahendra Kumar, *Theoretical Aspects in International Politics*, Agra: Shirlal Agarwala, 2000.
- 2. Roberts Jackson and George Sorenson, *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2003.
- 3. John T. Rourke, *International Politics and the World Stage*, Connecticut: Dushkin Publishing Group, 1995

- 4. Daniel S. Papp, *Contemporary International Relations*, Toronto: Macmillan Publishing Company, 1991
- 5. Goldstein, J.S. International Relations, New Delhi: Pearson Educations, 2003
- 6. S. Burchill and A. Linklater et al., *Theories of International Relations*, Basingstone, Macmillan, 1996.
- 7. P.R. Viotti and M.V Kauppi, *International Relations Theory*: Realism, Pluralism, Globalism (2nd ed.) New York, Macmillan, 1993.
- 8. K. Booth and S. Smith (eds.), *International Relations Theory Today*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1996.
- 9. S. Smith, K. Booth and M. Zalewski (eds.) *International Theories: Positivism and Beyond*, Cambridge, University of Cambridge Press, 1996.
- 10. D. Baldwin (ed.), *Neorealism and Neoliberalism: The Contemporary Debate*, New York, Columbia University Press, 1993.
- 11. International Relations in South Asia, Search for an Alternative Paradigm, Navnita Chadha Behera, August 2008
- 12. East, West, North, South, International Relations since 1945, Seventh Edition, Geir Lundestad, January 2014
- 13. Key Concepts in International Relations, Thomas Diez, Ingvild Bode, Aleksandra Fernandes da Costa, May 2011
- 14. Research Methods in International Relations, Christopher Lamont, April 2015
- 15. International Relations Theory and South Asia, Volume 2: Security, Political Economy, Domestic Politics, Identities, and Images, E Sridharan, 2015

SSL-522 Colonialism and Nationalism

4-0-0

Total Marks: 100

Time: 3hrs. Mid Semester Examination: 20% weightage (Marks: 20) End Semester Examination: 80 % weightage (Marks: 80)

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (Not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth questions may be attempted from any Section

Section-A

Introduction to Colonialism and Nationalism

Concepts: Imperialism, Colonialism, Nationalism, Economic Nationalism and Overseas Expansion and Europeans in South Asia: Portuguese, Dutch, English and French

Section-B

East India Company, Trade with India and its Expansion, Economic Impact of British Colonialism: Land Revenue Policy, Rural Indebtness, Commercialization of Agriculture, Decline of Handicraft Industries, Drain of Wealth

Section-C

Nationalism and Colonial Rule: Definition and Characteristics of Nationalism, Social and Religious Reforms, Peasant and Tribal Uprisings, Revolt of 1857, Nation in Making, Organized Nationalism, Trends till 1919, Gandhian Movement, Working Class Movement, Women's Participation

Section-D

Independence and Partition: Communal Politics and Partition, Making of Indian Constitution, Integration of Princely States, Decolonization, End of British Colonialism in South Asia **Suggested Reading:**

- 1. Bayly, C.A., 1988, *Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Bose, Sugata & Ayesha Jalal, 1998, Modern South Asia, Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 3. Chaudhuri, K.N., 1978, *The Trading World of Asia and the English East India Company 1660-1760*, Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Chatterjee, Partha, 1994, *The Nation and its Fragments*, Princeton: Princeton University Press.
- 5. Desai, A.R.(ed.), 1979, Peasant Struggles in India, Bombay: Oxford University Press.
- 6. Dutt, Romesh, C., 1904 1969, *Economic History of India*, Vol.2: In the Victorian Age, New York: A.M. Kelley.
- 7. Guha, Ranajit, 1983, *Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India*, Delhi: Oxford University Press.

- 8. Hardiman, David, ed., 1992, *Peasant Resistance in India*, 1858-1914, Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 9. Heehs, Peter, 1988, *India's Freedom Struggle*, 1857-1947, A Short History, Delhi: Oxford University Press
- 10. Metcalf Barbara and Thomas Metcalf, 2002, *A Concise History of India*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 11. Naoroji, Dadabhai, 1901,1962, *Poverty and Un-British Rule in India*, Delhi: Publications Division, Government of India.
- 12. Pannikkar, K.M. 193, Asia and Western Dominance: A Survey of the Vasco Da Gama Epoch of Asian History, 1498-1945, London: George Allen and Unwin.
- 13. Sarkar, Sumuit, 1983, Modern India, 1885-1947, Delhi: Macmillan.
- 14. Sen, S.N., 1957, *Eighteen Fifty Seven*, Delhi: Publications Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Government of India.
- 15. Stein, Burton, (ed.), 1992, *The Making of the Agrarian Policy in British in India*, 1770-1790 in Themes in Indian History, Delhi: Oxford University Press

SSL-523 Economic Development of South Asia

4-0-0

Total Marks: 100

Time: 3hrs. Mid Semester Examination: 20% weightage (Marks: 20) End Semester Examination: 80 % weightage (Marks: 80)

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (Not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth questions may be attempted from any Section

Section-A

General Introduction: South Asia in Historical Perspectives and Basic Economic Structure of South Asian Countries

Section-B

Nature and Content of Economic Policies Pursued by South Asian Countries, Agriculture: Performance in Countries of South Asia, Relative Performance of Manufacturing and Services Sectors in South Asia.

Section-C

SAP in South Asia: Post-reforms Scenario of Economic Development in South Asia, Role of Trade and Capital Flows in Economic Development of South Asia

Section-D

Role of Financial Institutions: Banking and Financial Development, Infrastructure Development, Trade Aid and Investment

- 1. Amartya Sen, Development as Freedom, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2001
- 2. Andre Gunder Frank, *Reorient: Global Economy in the Asian Age*, University of California Press, Berkley, 1998.
- 3. Barry R Weingast, 'The Economic Role of Political Institutions: Market Preserving Federalism and Economic Development', *Journal of Law, Economic & Organization*, Vol. 11, No. 1, April 1995, pp. 1-31.
- 4. Dani Rodrik, 'Globalization, Social Conflict and Economic Growth', The World Economy, 21(2), 1998, pp. 143-158.
- 5. Gerald M. Meier and James E. Rauch, *Leading Issues in Economic Development*, (7th edition) Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2000.
- 6. Jaime De Melo and Arvind Panagariya (eds.), *New Dimensions in Regional Integration*, Cambridge University Press, London, 1993.
- 7. James M. Cypher and James L. Dietz, *The Process of Economic Development*, Routledge, New York, 2004.

- 8. Jefferey D. Sachs, *The End of Poverty*, The Twelfth Annual Zuckerman Lecture, Institution of Mechanical Engineers, London, 10 November 2005.
- 9. Mahendra Lawoti, *Towards a Democratic Nepal: Inclusive Political Institutions for Multicultural Society*, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2005.
- 10. Morris David Morris, 'Values as an Obstacle to Economic Growth in South Asia: An Historical Survey', The Journal of Economic History, Vol. 27, No. 4, Dec 1967, pp. 588-607.
- 11. Population and Development: Selected Issues, Asian Population Studies Series No. 161, Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific, United Nations, New York, 2003.
- 12. Richard M. Auty (ed.), *Resource Abundance and Economic Development*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2001.
- 13. Richard R. Nelson and Howard Pack, *The Asian Miracle and Modern Growth Theory*'. The Economic Journal, Vol. 109, No. 457, July 1999, pp. 416-436.
- 14. Robert Wade, Governing the Market: Economic Theory and the Role of Government in East Asian Industrialization, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 2004.
- 15. Saman Kelegama (ed.), *Economic Policy in Sri Lanka: Issues and Debates*, Institute of Policy Studies of Sri Lanka, Colombo, 2004.
- 16. Santosh K. Mehrotra and Richard Jolly (eds.), *Development with a Human Face: Experiences in Social Achievement and Economic Growth*, Oxford University Press, London, 1997.
- 17. Veena Kukreja and M P Singh (eds.), *Pakistan: Democracy, Development and Security Issues*, Sage Publication, New Delhi, 2005.
- 18. Xavier Sala-i-Martin and Robert J. Barro, *Economic Growth*, (2nd edition) MIT Press, Massachusetts, 2003.
- 19. Growth and Development in Emerging Market Economies, International Private Capital Flow, Financial Markets and Globalization, Harinder S Kohli

SSL-524 South Asian Society

4-0-0

Total Marks: 100

Time: 3hrs. Mid Semester Examination: 20% weightage (Marks: 20) End Semester Examination: 80 % weightage (Marks: 80)

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (Not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth questions may be attempted from any Section

Section-A

Physical and Human Geography of South Asia – Geology, Landforms, Climate, Settlement, Population, Historical Geography, Resources, South Asia Civilization – Races – Ethnicity and Identity.

Section-B

Social Structure of South Asian Societies, Caste System, Ethnic and Religious Diversities in South Asia, Linguistic Diversity, Problems of Communication, Modernization Process and Socio Economic Development among various Races in South Asia

Section-C

Religions of South Asia: Hinduism, Buddhism, Islam, Christianity, Sikhism, Jainism, Images of South Asia Through Literature, Modes of Narrative with Issues of Politics and History, Art and Material Culture of South Asia, Sculpture, Performing Arts, Painting, Architecture, Folk Lore, Folk Art

Section-D

Media and Society in South Asia, Modernity and Diaspora

- 1. Ahmed Akbar. S, *Religion and Politics in Muslim Society: Order and Conflict in Pakistan*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1983.
- 2. A. Barth, *Ethnic Groups and Boundaries: The Little Brown Series in Anthropology*, Boston, Little Brown and Co., 1969.
- 3. Vinay Lal, South Asian Cultural Studies: A Bibliography, New Delhi: Vedam Books, 1996.
- 4. Akstar, Rais, *Contemporary Approaches to Indian Geography*, New Delhi: APH Publishing Cooperation, 1997.
- 5. Tirtha, Ranjit, *Emerging India: A Geographical Introduction*. Ann Arbor, Michigan: Conpub, 1992.
- 6. Farmer, B.H., An Introduction to South Asia, 2nd Edition, New York: Routledge, 1993.

- 7. Prithwish Nag and Samita Sen Gupta, *Geography of India*, New Delhi: Concept Publications, 1992
- 8. C.D. Deshpande, 1992, *India: A Regional Interpretation*, New Delhi: Indian Council of Social Science.
- 9. Jayamala, Dedde (ed), *Emerging Trends in Indian Geography*, Jaipur: Rawat Publications, 1991
- 10. Farah Faizal, Swarna Rajagopalan, *Women, Security, South Asia, A Clearing in the Thicket*, June 2018
- 11. Marc Jason Gilbert, South Asia in World History, Oxford University Press, 2017
- 12. Handbook of the Media in AsiaShelton A Gunaratne, May 2000
- 13. Parul Dave Mukherji, Naman P. Ahuja, Kavita Singh, *InFlux, Contemporary Art in Asia*, December 2013
- 14. Paula Banerjee, Anasua Basu Ray Chaudhury, Women in Indian Borderlands, July 2011
- 15. Rowena, Robinson, Sociology of Religion in India, 2003, Sage Publications

SSL-525 Contemporary India(1947-2001)

4-0-0

Total Marks: 100

Time: 3hrs. Mid Semester Examination: 20% weightage (Marks: 20) End Semester Examination: 80 % weightage (Marks: 80)

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (Not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth questions may be attempted from any Section

Section-A

Building of Nation: Making of constitutions and its Characteristics, Problem of Kashmir, Integration of the Princely States, Linguistic reorganization of States

Section-B

Socio-Economic Reconstruction, Economic Planning, Five Year Plans, Socio-Economic Changes in Urban and Rural India, Social Legislations

Section-C

Foreign Policy – India's Relation with Pakistan, Nepal, Sri Lanka, India and Non-Alignment Movement, India's Relation with USA and Former Soviet Union and its impact on the South Asia Region Affairs

Section-D

Growth of the Parliamentary Democracy, National Political Party, Electoral Politics on the National Level, Central-State Relations, Democratic De-Centralization

- 1. Basu, D.D., Shorter Indian Constitution
- 2. Bethlehem Charles, India Independent
- 3. Bose, Sumandra, The Kashmir Problem
- 4. Brass, Paul R, Politics of India Since Independence
- 5. Desai, A.R., India's Path of Development
- 6. Gaur, Madan, India: 40 Years After Independence
- 7. Gopal, S., Jawaharlal Nehru: A Biography
- 8. Jaisingh, Hari, India and Non-Aligned World Search for a new Order
- 9. Kothari, Rajni, Democratic Policy and Socialist Change in India
- 10. Mathew, H., India: State and Society
- 11. Menon, V.P., Foreign Policy of India
- 12. Menon, V.P., Transfer of Power in India
- 13. Mira, A.B., Foreign Policy of India
- 14. Morries Jones, W.H., Government and Politics India

- 15. Mukhopadhyay, A.P.(ed.), Society and Politics in Contemporary India
- 16. Nanda, B.R., The Nehru: Motilal and Jawaharlal
- 17. Nehru, Jawaharlal, India's Foreign Policy
- 18. Pande, B.N., A Contemnory History of the Indian National Congress Vol.-IV
- 19. David Gellner, Krishna Hachhethu, Local Democracy in South Asia, Microprocesses of Democratization in Nepal and its Neighbours, June 2018
- 20. Veena Kukreja, M P Singh, *Democracy, Development and Discontent in South Asia*, June 2018

SSL-528 Foreign Policy of South Asian Countries

4-0-0

Total Marks: 100

Time: 3hrs. Mid Semester Examination: 20% weightage (Marks: 20) End Semester Examination: 80 % weightage (Marks: 80)

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (Not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth questions may be attempted from any Section

Section-A

Introduction to Foreign Policy, Determinants, Elements, Types, Characteristics

Section-B

Foreign Policy of India – Origin of Indian Foreign Policy Principles and Objectives, Foreign Policy Decision Making, Relation with World Power, India's Perspectives on Global Issues of disarmament, environment and Globalization, Non Alignment, Panchsheel, SAARC, Commonwealth, ASEAN, GCC, Post Cold War and Recent Trends

Section-C

Foreign Policy of Pakistan – Military Alliances and Pacts, Indo-Pak Relations, Relations with other South Asian Countries, with the Islamic World, Foreign Policy of Sri Lanka – Development of Foreign Policy, Indo-Srilanka Relations, Regionalism, Relations with World Powers and other Regions, Ethnic Conflict and Foreign Policy, Foreign Policy of Bangladesh – Creation of Bangladesh and relation with India, Islamic Influence, Relation with the West

Section-D

Foreign Policies of Nepal, Bhutan, Maldives and Afghanistan and Key Contentious Issues and Challenges(Border, Migration, Human Security)

- 1. Ahamed, Emajuddin (ed.), Foreign Policy of Bangladesh: A Small State's Imperative, Dhaka: Kamol Kur Prokashon, 2004
- 2. Banerjee, A.K. (ed.), Security Issues in South Asia: Domestic and External Sources of Threats to Security, Minerva, Calcutta, 1998
- 3. Bidwai, Praful and Achin Vanaik (eds.), South Asia on a Short Fuse: Nuclear Politics and the Future of Global Disarmament, OUP, New Delhi, 1999
- 4. Bose, Sugata (ed.), South Asia and World Capitalism, Delhi: OUP, 1990
- 5. D.G.A. Khan, Political System in Pakistan(in Hindi), Shekhar Publication, Allahabad, 2005
- 6. Ghosh, Partha S., Cooperation and Conflict in South Asia, New Delhi: Manohar, 1989
- 7. Gujral, I.K., A Foreign Policy for India, External Publicity Division, MEA, Government of India, Delhi, 1998
- 8. Jackson, Robert, South Asian Crisis: India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, New Delhi: Vikas, 1978

- 9. Mansingh, Surjeet, India's Search for Power: Indira Gandhi's Foreign Policy, 1966-1982, New Delhi Sage, 1984
- 10. Meyer, Milton W., South Asia: A Short History of the Subcontinent, Ottawa: Littlefield, 1976
- 11. Nissanka, H.S.S., Sri Lanka's Foreign Policy: A Study in Non alignment New Delhi, Vikas, 1984
- 12. Perkovich, G., India's Nuclear Bomb: Impact on Global Proliferation, New Delhi, OUP, 2000
- 13. S.N. Bhagat, Pakistan: Withering State, Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 1999
- 14. Singh, Depinder, Indian Peacekeeping Force in Sri Lanka 1987-1989, Dehra Dun, Natraj, 2001
- 15. Upreti, B.C. et a. (eds.), India's Foreign Policy: Emerging Challenges and Paradigms, Delhi: Kalinga, 2003
- 16. Harold A Gould, *The South Asia Story, The First Sixty Years of US Relations with India and Pakistan*, August 2016
- 17. Harinder S. Kohli, Ashok Sharma, Anil Sood, *Asia 2050, Realizing the Asian Century*, August 2016
- 18. R R Sharma, *India and Emerging Asia*, June 2018
- 19. Veena Kukreja, Contemporary Pakistan, Political Processes, Conflicts and Crises, November 2002

SSL-529 Government and Politics of South Asia

4-0-0

Total Marks: 100

Time: 3hrs. Mid Semester Examination: 20% weightage (Marks: 20) End Semester Examination: 80 % weightage (Marks: 80)

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (Not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth questions may be attempted from any Section

Section-A

Introduction: Constitutionalism in South Asia, Obstacles to Constitutionalism, Evolution of South Asian Constitutions, Constitutional Developments in South Asia, Role of Non-State Actors in South Asia(Mass Media, People's Group and Movements)

Section-B

Comparative Politics I: Important Features of Indian Political System, Important Features of Srilankan Political System, Important Features of Nepal Political System, Important Features of Afganistan Political System, Important Features of Bangladesh Political System

Comparative Politics II: Important Features of Bhutan Political System, Important Features of Maldives Political System, Important Features of Pakistan Political System, Important Features of Srilanka Political System

Section-C

Democratic Processes: Political Parties of South Asia, Pressure Groups on South Asia, Public Opinion in South Asia, Mass Media and Political Communication in South Asia, Non-Western Political Process and Political Modernization in South Asia, Comparative Elections – Rights and Duties of South Asian Peoples, Suffrage and Representation in South Asia, Constituencies and Electoral Processes, Representation of Miniorities, Election Commission and Electoral Processes, Electoral Freedom and fairness

Section-D

Legislative Processes in South Asia – Legislatures and Legislative Processes, Legislatures and Social Change, Bureaucratic Processes in South Asia – Executives of South Asia, Bureaucracies of South Asia, Bureaucracy and Development, Comparative Judiciary Rule of Law and Administrative Law in South Asia, Independence of Judiciary in South Asia, Judiciary and Constitutional Development in South Asia, Judiciary and Citizen's Rights in South Asia Judicial Behavior in South Asia

- 1. Nancy Jetley, (ed.), Regional Security in South Asia New Delhi, 1999
- 2. Ayesha Jalal, Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia, New Delhi, 1995
- 3. J Johari, Government and Politics of South Asia, New Delhi, Sterli, 1991
- 4. S.K. Mitra and Dietmer Rothmund, (ed.), *Legitimacy and Conflict in South Asia*, Delhi, Manohar, 1998
- 5. R.P. Sinha and Surya Dandekar, *South Asian Politics: logical and Institutions*, New Delhi, Kanishka, 1998
- 6. P.C. Mathur, (ed.), Government and Politics in South Asia, Jaipur, Printwell, 1985
- 7. Carol Appadurai Breckenridge and Peter van der Veer (eds.), *Orientalism and the Postcolonial Predicament: Perspectives on South Asia*, University of Pennsylvania Press, Philadelphia, 1993
- 8. C Baxter, Government and Politics in South Asia, Westview Press, Lon, 1998
- 9. Douglas Allen (ed.), *Religion and Political Conflict in South Asia*: India, Pakistan and Sri Lanka, Praeger/Greenwood, 1992
- 10. Siri Hettige, Eva Gerharz, Governance, Conflict and Development in South Asia, Perspectives from India, Nepal and Sri Lanka, November 2015
- 11. Tan Tai Yong, Socio-Political and Economic Challenges in South Asia, June 2018
- 12. Neloufer De Mel, *Militarizing Sri Lanka, Popular Culture, Memory and Narrative in the Armed Conflict*, October 2007
- 13. Eric Arnett, Nuclear Weapons and Arms Control in South Asia After the Test Ban, 1998, SIPRI Reaserch Reports

SSL-530 Regional Economic Cooperation

4-0-0

Total Marks: 100

Time: 3hrs. Mid Semester Examination: 20% weightage (Marks: 20) End Semester Examination: 80 % weightage (Marks: 80)

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (Not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth questions may be attempted from any Section

Section-A

Introduction: Concept, Approaches and Theories of Economic Cooperation, Emergence of Regional Economic Intergration

Section-B

Regional Cooperation - An Emerging Challenges: An Overview within different regions of South Asia

Section-C

Current Debates on Trade: A Basis of Trade, View of Mercentilist, Adam Smith, Ricardo, H.O. Theorem, An Alternate Views, Comparative Study of Trade Strategy of SAARC and ASEAN Countries

Section-D

Regionalism vs Multilateralism: Free Trade Area, Custom Union, Common Market, Economic Union and Monetary, Lessons and Factors of Economic Regional Blocks Like European Union, SAARC, ASEAN and NAFTA

- 1. Edward Said: Orientalism, Routledge Press, London, 1978
- 2. Sisir Gupta, India and Regional Integration in Asia, Asia Publishing House, Bombay, 1964
- 3. Bela Balassa, The Theory of Economic Integration, George Allen and Unwin Ltd., London, 1973
- 4. Aubur Rahman Bhuyan, Economic Integration in South Asia: An Exploratory Study, University of Dacca, Dacca, 1979
- 5. R.J. Langhammer et.al.: Regional Integration among Developing Countries, J & B. Mohr, Tubingen, 1990
- 6. Charles Oman, Globalization and Rationalization: A Challenge for Developing Countries, OECD Development Centre, Paris, 1994
- 7. Nicholas Tarling (ed.), The Cambridge History of South Asia Vol. I & II, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1992

- 8. Jagdish Bhagwati, New Regionalism in Trade Policy, The WorBank, Washington DC, 1992
- 9. Michael Hodges (ed.), European Integration, Penguin Books, Middlesex, 1972
- 10. Michael Brecher, New States of Asia: A Political Analysis, Oxford University Press, London, 1963
- 11. Naren Chitty, Framing South Asian Transformation, South Asian Publishers, Delhi
- 12. B.H. Farmer, An Introduction to South Asia, Methuen Publishers, London, 1983
- 13. Clifford Geortz (ed.), Old Societies and New States, The Free Press, New York, 1963
- 14. Kathleen ugh and H.P. Sharma (ed.), Imperialism and Revolution South Asia, New York, 1973
- 15. Gunnar Myrdal, Asian Drama: An Inquiry into tPoverty of Nations, Vol. I-III, Pantheon Publishers, New York, 1968
- 16. Bimal Prasad, Regional Cooperation in South Asia, Vikas Publishers, Delhi, 1989
- 17. RAmakant et.al (ed.), Regionalism in South Asia, Aalekh Publishers, Jaipur, 1983
- 18. Surjit Mansingh, India's Search for Power, SagPublishers, New Delhi, 1984
- 19. Partha Ghosh, Conflict and Cooperation in South Asia, Manohar Publishers, w Delhi, 1981
- 20. Llyod I Rudolf, The Regionalism Imperatives, Concept Publishing Co, New Delhi, 1980
- 21. S.P. Verma and K.P. Misra (eds.)., Foreign Policy in South Asia, Orient Longmans, New Delhi. 1969
- 22. Pran Chopra, Future of South Asia, Macmillan, New Delhi, 1986
- 23. M.S. Agawani (ed.), South Asia: Stability and Regional Cooperation, CRRID, Chandigarh, 1983
- 24. Donald C. Hellman, South Asia: The Politics of Poverty and Peace, Lexington Books, Masschusetts, 1976
- 25. B.L.C. Johnson, South Asia: Elective Studies of Essential Geography of India, Pakistan and Ceylon, Heiemann Educational Books Ltd., London, 1969
- 26. Philip Talbo, South Asia and the World Today, University of Chicago Press, Chicago, 1950
- 27. Suparna Karmakar, Rajiv Kumar, Bibek Debroy, *India's Liberalisation Experience, Hostage to WTO?*, June 2018
- 28. Mahbub ul Haq Development Centre 2012, *Human Development in South Asia 2010-2011*, Food Security in South Asia, Oxford University Press
- 29. Meghna Desai, Development and Nationhood, Essays in the Political Economy of South Asia, 2006
- 30. Sadiq Ahmed, Saman Kelegama, Ejaz Ghani, *Promoting Economic Cooperation in South Asia, Beyond SAFTA*, August 2016

SSL-531 Contemporary Area Studies

4-0-0

Total Marks: 100

Time: 3hrs. Mid Semester Examination: 20% weightage (Marks:20)

End Semester Examination: 80 % weightage (Marks: 80)

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (Not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth questions may be attempted from any Section

Section-A

Introduction to Area Studies: Nature, Scope and Importance, Evolution of Area Studies and Relationship with other Social Sciences, Approaches to Area Studies, Classical, Behavioral Post Behavioral Approach and Comparative Methodology

Section-B

Comparative Sociology: Demographic Attributes, Social Structure, Women, Children, Aged, Refugees, Migrants and Religion, Family Kinship and Cultural Patterns, Emerging Issues in Comparative Sociology, Identity, Ethnicity Representation, Multiculturalism and Social Cultural Change

Section-C

Comparative Politics Change: Constitutionalism, Political Development, Political Modernization, Political Communication, Democratization, Emerging Issues in Comparative Politics, Role of Military and Force, Role of Power Politics among Nations

Section-D

Theory of Development and Modernization & Human Security: Measures of Development, Science Technology and Education, Health

- 1. Ronald H. Chilcote, Theories of Comparative Politics: The Search for a Paradigm, Boulder, West View Press 2001
- 2. Marvin Harris, Cultural Anthropology, New York, Harper Collins, 1995
- 3. Michal G. Roskin, Countries and Concepts: An Introduction to Comparative Politics, Englewood Cliffs, Prentice Hall, 1982
- 4. Deutsch, K, The Nerves of Government, New York, Free Press of Glencoe, 1663
- 5. Krishna Daya, Political Development: A Critical Perspective, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1979
- 6. Urmila Phadnis, Rajat Ganguly, *Ethnicity and Nation-building in South Asia, Revised Edition*, December 2000

- 7. Deepak K Singh, Stateless in South Asia, The Chakmas between Bangladesh and India, June 2018
- 8. Sarit K. Chaudhuri, Sucheta Sen Chaudhuri, *Fieldwork in South Asia, Memories, Moments, and Experiences,* September 2015
- 9. Peter Ronald DeSouza, E Sridharan, *India's Political Parties*, March 2018